# SERVICE COORDINATION ACTIVITIES ACROSS THE NATION

What Did We Learn?

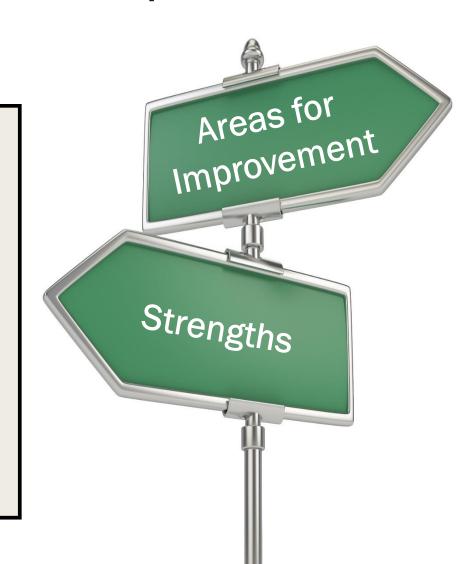
**National Service Coordination Institute 2017** 



SCs (62%) El Providers (29%) Administrators/Supervisors (26%)

#### National Landscape

- All areas averaged "strong"
- Strongest:
   Informing families
   about
   rights/safeguards
- Least strong:
   Coordinating
   funding sources
   for services

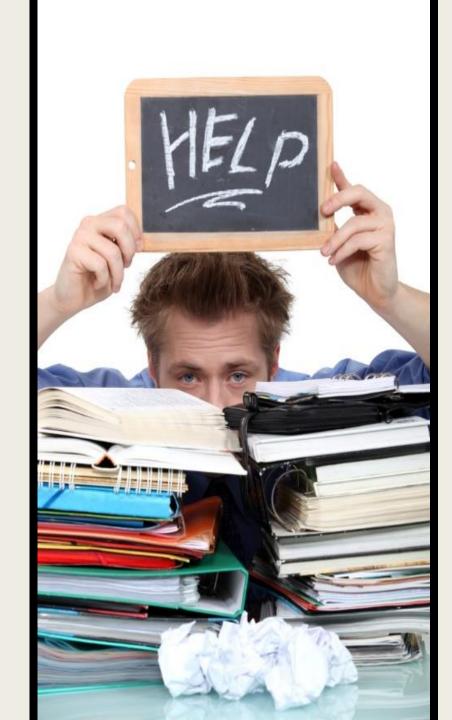


- Need reduced numbers of families served per SC
- Need higher pay and reimbursement rates
- Challenges with retaining qualified staff
- Need more/better training

#### National Landscape

#### If they had a magic wand, they would:

- Balance the workload
- Increase training opportunities
- Increase compensation and funding
- Increase networking opportunities
- Elevate the profession of SC, increase respect and value
- Have adequate time to support families
- Address technology needs



### Landscape: VIRGINIA

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- Lead agency: Dept. of BHDS
- Serving families (0-3) with qualifying delays, disabilities, atypical development
- SCs "in-house" using both blended and dedicated models
- Must be state-certified and meet minimum education requirements
- Required initial SC training program

- Key Themes:
  - Need more training specific to SC
  - Reduced # of families served
  - Need more service providers
- Two challenges (1-ECl system, 1-SC)
  - Complicated processes
  - Balancing workload with providing quality SC and team leadership

### Landscape: COLORADO

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- CDHS Lead agency
- Serving families with children birth until third birthday with developmental disabilities or delay's
- SC Employed by local Community Centered Boards (20)
- SC Competencies and minimum qualifications
- SC Initial training with workbook

- Training needs
  - Local sustainability with training
  - Options for face to face trainings
- Two challenges
  - Evaluations (2 different lead agencies)
  - Requirements of the programs (providers and SCs)

### Landscape: IOWA

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- Lead Agency Iowa DE
- Families (0-3) with qualifying eligibility criteria.
- Employed by contracting agencies.
   Dual role and designated models.
- Variety of education levels/backgrounds.
- Service coordinators are trained inservice only.

- Community partners
- Dedicated 0-3 support services
- Re-brand; market
- Two challenges
  - Inconsistent SC system across state
  - Not enough time for networking/PD

### Landscape: KENTUCKY

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- Lead Agency Cabinet for Health and Family Services
- Serving families of infants and toddlers (b-3) with significant developmental delays and established risk conditions.
- SCs "employed" by 15 Point of Entry offices using the dedicated model of service delivery.
- SC qualifications: Bachelors + 2 years experience
- SC Required trainings per agency contract and 6 additional hours per year

Summary of National Survey Data & Challenges

Key themes: low pay, high caseload, provider shortages, lack of resources, hearing screening delays, more consistent local-level training

- Two challenges:
  - ECI system- The State Lead
     Agency has limited capacity to
     provide oversight at the local
     level.
  - SC- How to motivate underpaid and overworked staff.

#### Landscape: TEXAS

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- Lead Agency: Texas Health and Human Services-Early Childhood Intervention (ECI)
- Serving 0-3 with delays, qualifying medical diagnoses, auditory or visual impairments
- ECI has contracted agencies which are blended or dedicated
- Bachelor's w/at least 18 credit hrs. in ECD and complete FCCM Module
- 3 hrs. Ethics training every 2 yrs. & 3 hrs. case management training yearly

- ECI Providers want more training, increased marketing, quality referrals, would like a transition coordinator, & better communication between ECI & LEA's.
- Funding is a major challenge. SCs caseloads are too high and their pay is too low.

#### Landscape: NEW MEXICO

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems Summary of National Survey Data & Challenges

- ECI NM Dept. of Health (FIT-Family Infant Toddler program)
- ECI Serve infants and toddlers, birth to age 3 with DD (including atrisk/med./bio/environmental)
- SC 32 individual programs that contract with NMDOH and 2 state schools (NMSD and NMSBVI) using dual-role (FSC/DS) and dedicated FSC
- SC Bachelors degree in SW, Counseling, Psych, Spec. Ed., Nursing or EC (waiver and/or experience can be substituted)
- SC Online and face to face SC training and other content specific training (IFSP, RBI, CME) are available but not required

Key themes and challenges:

- ECI system-not enough qualified therapists/people,
- Rural nature of our state makes service delivery challenging,
- SC feel that they don't receive sufficient training and preparation for their job,
- More outreach and awareness of NM FIT
- Limited funding

#### Landscape: Delaware

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- Lead Agency- Delaware Department of Health and Social Services
- Serving families (0-3) with qualifying delays, disabilities, atypical development
- FSCs are housed in CDW North and South, utilizing a blended model
- FSCs- meet minimum education requirements
- FSCs- initial orientation, professional development offerings

- Key themes, training needs, etc.
- Two challenges (1- ECI system, 1- SC)

### Landscape: ILLINOIS

Overview of State's Early Childhood Intervention & Service Coordination Systems

- Lead agency DHS
- ECI Serving families (0-3) with qualifying delays, medical diagnosis, or at risk conditions
- SC Dedicated Model with additional supports (SEC, PL, TA), 25 Regional POE's with varying fiscal agents
- SC Bachelor's in human service or related field
- SC Required blended SC training, El system training, family assessment to obtain temporary SC credential, full credential once 120 CE's are completed

- Key Themes
  - Lower Caseloads/Higher Pay
  - Digital Data System –
     streamline paperwork,
     scheduling, & collaboration
- Two challenges (1- ECI system, 1-SC)
  - Inconsistencies & Competition across POE's & Providers (Incentives/Vendor Model)
  - Retaining Qualified Staff

## What did we learn?

