

History and Practice in Early Childhood Intervention

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**ECPCTA.ORG** 

If you treat an individual as he is he will stay as he is, but if you treat him as he ought to be, and could be, he will become what he ought to be and could be.

### Life in the 21st Century

- Change is the Constant
- Technology
- Instant Gratification
- Viral Communication
- Personalized Learning

### Who Do We Serve Under IDEA

About one in six children in the U.S.

have one or more developmental disabilities or other developmental delays.

### Such As.....

- Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder
- Autism Spectrum Disorders
- Cerebral Palsy
- Down Syndrome
- Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders

### AND.....

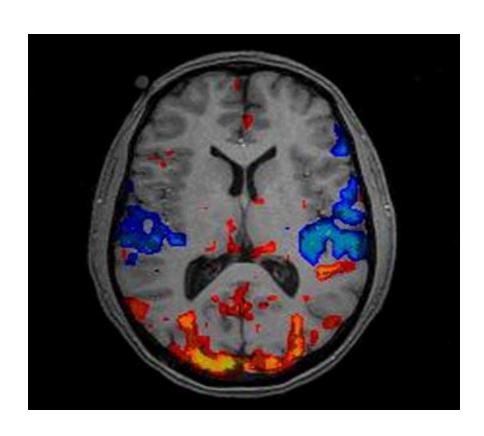
- Fragile X Syndrome
- Hearing Loss
- Intellectual Disability
- Muscular Dystrophy
- Vision Impairment

### Science of Learning

The brain is adaptable and can be influenced by positive experiences;

The brain is vulnerable and can be harmed by negative experiences

# What We Know Now Should Effect What We Do



### Needs of Infants and Young Children

- Enough to Eat
- Consistent and Responsive Family/Caregivers
- A Safe and Consistent Place to Live
- Medical Home(including Mental Health supports for Social and Emotional Development)
- Learning Opportunities (both formal and informal)
- Peers to Play and Learn With

### **Early Childhood Intervention**

• therapeutic (excluding drug or surgical manipulation) or educational intervention...

of a planned nature

• aimed at eliminating a current or anticipated deficiency in a target population.

(Bricker, Bailey, & Bruder, 1984, p. 374)

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- MORE

# History of Early Childhood Intervention

Early Roots

Legislation

Programatic Components

### Roots

Early Childhood

Maternal and Child Health

Disability/Special Education

### **Education Legislation for Those with Disabilities**

 1966-Elementary and Secondary Education Act: Bureau of Education for the Handicapped (P.L. 89-750)

• 1968- Handicapped Children's Early Education Assistance Act ( P.L. 90-538)

1972-Amendments to the Economic Opportunity
 Act to extend Head Start services to children with
 disabilities (P.L. 92-424)

### And More....

- 1975-Education for All Handicapped Children's Act (94-142)
- 1986- Amendments to EHA (P.L. 99-457)
- 1990-The Americans with Disabilities Act (P.L.101-336)
- 1990-Amendments to EHA changed to Individuals with Education Assistance Act ( P.L.101-476)
- 2004-Amendments to IDEA (P.L.108-446)
- 2015-Every Student Succeeds Act (P.L. 114-95)

## **EHA Principles**

- Zero Reject
- LRE
- Nondiscriminatory Testing
- IEPs
- Due Process for Families

### 1986 EHA AMENDMENTS

required states to provide a free and

appropriate public education to preschoolers

(Section 619 of Part B) and provided incentives

for serving infants and toddlers and their

families (Part H).

#### **IDEA-PART C; Sec. 631 FINDINGS AND POLICY**

Findings.--Congress finds that there is an urgent and substantial need-

- (1) to enhance the development of infants and toddlers with disabilities, to minimize their potential for developmental delay, and to recognize the significant brain development that occurs during a child's first 3 years of life;
- (2) to reduce the educational costs to our society, including our Nation's schools, by minimizing the need for special education and related services after infants and toddlers with disabilities reach school age;
- (3) to maximize the potential for individuals with disabilities to live independently in society;
- (4) to enhance the capacity of families to meet the special needs of their infants and toddlers with disabilities; and
- (5) to enhance the capacity of State and local agencies and service providers to identify, evaluate, and meet the needs of all children, particularly minority, lowincome, inner city, and rural children, and infants and toddlers in foster care.

# IDEA for Infants, Toddlers and Young Children and Their Families

**Part C-Infants and Toddlers** 

Part B(619)-Preschoolers

Choice of Lead Agency

**Education Lead Agency** 

**IFSP** 

IEP

**Natural Environments** 

**Least Restrictive Environment** 

Service Driven

School Driven

Personnel

Personnel

### **Programatic Components**

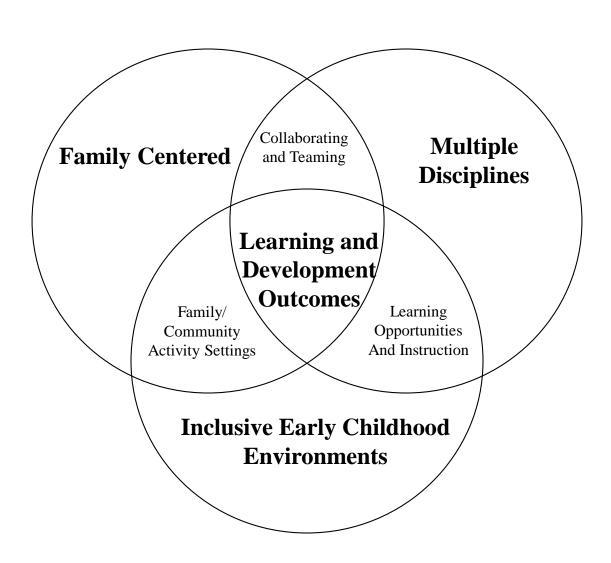
Families

Team of Professionals

Learning Environments

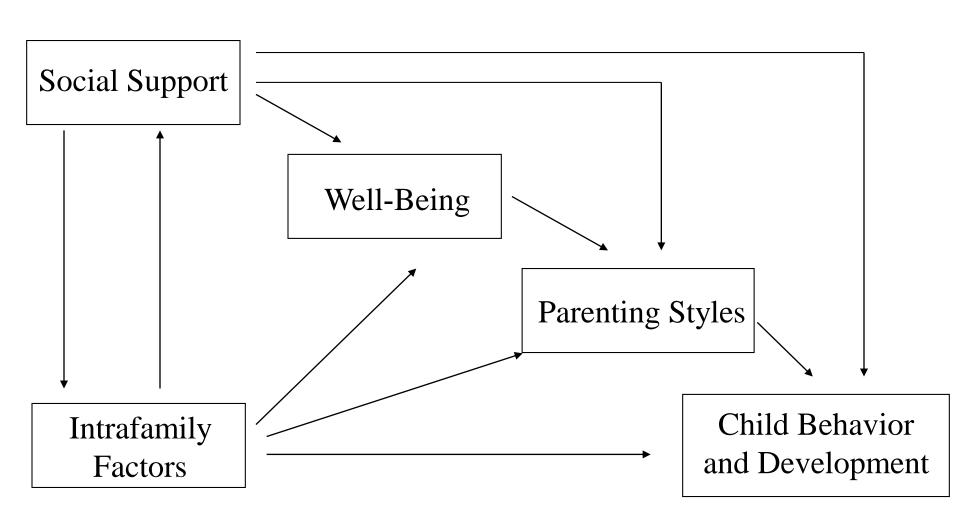
Practices Informed by Evidence

### **ECI Practice**



# Family-Centered Philosophy

Care that recognizes and respects the pivotal role of the family in the lives of children. It supports families in their natural caregiving roles, promotes normal patterns of living, and ensures family collaboration and choice in the provision of services to the child.



#### **Family Characteristics**

Personal characteristics of parents. Characteristics not related to child's disability or biological risk status (e.g., social support, marital relationship, financial resources).

 $\downarrow$ 

#### **Family Patterns**

Quality of parent-child transactions. Family orchestrated child experiences. Health and safety provided by family. Attitudes and beliefs of families.



#### **Child Development Outcomes**

### **Family Centered Helpgiving**

Provide families with choices, and opportunities to act on their choices, to increase the self-efficacy benefits of practitioner helpgiving

### **Team**

A group of people who are working together and share a common philosophy and common goal.

# **Disciplines** who provide early childhood intervention services include ...

- Special educators
- Speech-language pathologists and audiologists
- Occupational therapists
- Physical therapists
- Psychologists
- Social workers
- Nurses
- Registered dietitians
- Family therapists
- •Vision specialists, including ophthalmologists and optometrists
- Orientation and mobility specialists
- Pediatricians and other physicians



"We're not sure what you have, but whatever it is, we have it outnumbered."

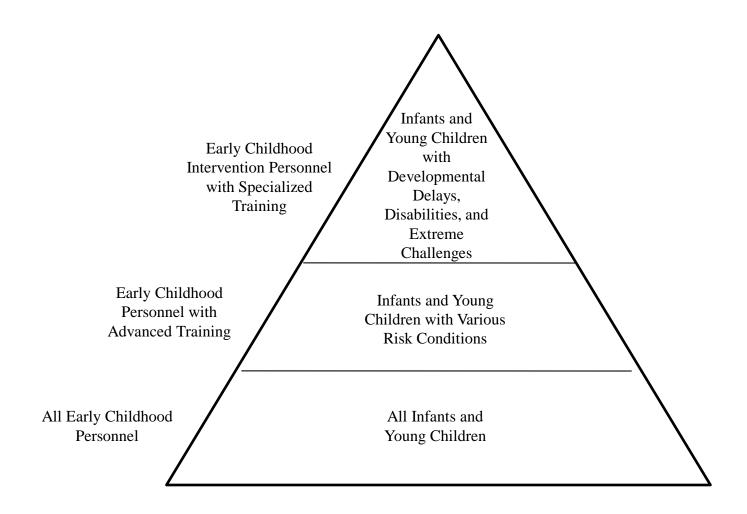
# DEC Recommended Practices: Interdisciplinary Models

- Teams including family members make decisions and work together.
- Professionals cross disciplinary boundaries.
- Intervention is focused on function, not services.
- Regular caregivers and regular routines provide the most appropriate opportunities for children's learning and receiving most other interventions.

### **General Role of Service Providers**

To the extent appropriate, service providers in each area of early intervention services included in paragraph (d) of this section are responsible for:

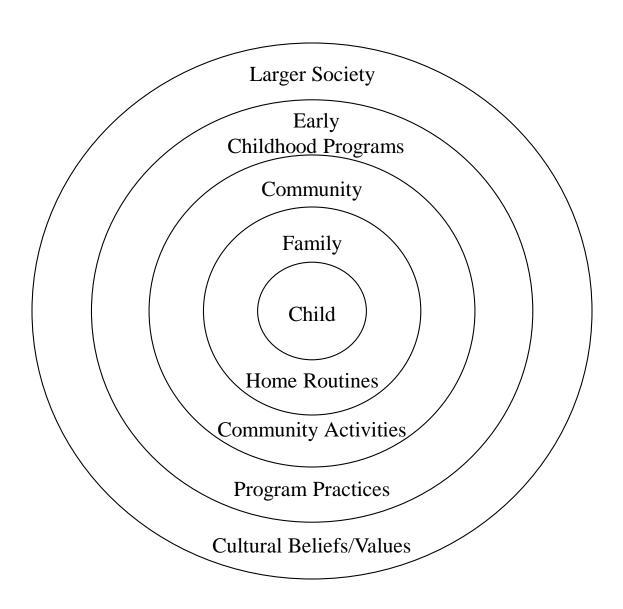
- Consulting with parents, other service providers, and representatives of appropriate community agencies to ensure the effective provision of services in that area;
- Training parents and others regarding the provision of those services; and
- Participating in the multidisciplinary team's assessment of a child and the child's family, and in the development of integrated goals and outcomes for the individualized family service plan.



### Learning Environments Are:

The places where children experience everyday,
typically occurring learning opportunities that
promote and enhance behavioral and developmental
competencies.

### Ecological Model for Viewing Sources of Learning Experiences and Opportunities



### **Activity Setting**

Everyday family and community experiences, events, and situations providing children learning opportunities that have development-enhancing (or development-impeding) qualities and consequences.

#### Definition of Inclusion

a relationship between two classes that exists when all members of the first are also members of the second (e.g.: Children with ASD are also children; Students with **ASD** are also students)

#### **Instructional Inclusion**:

Belonging in learning environments in which all children are learning and achieving behavioral and academic outcomes

(E.G. Schools for All; Universal Design; MTSS)

#### Rationale (Bricker, 1978)

Social Ethical:

Attitudes and Societal Values
Separate is Not Equal: Human and Civil Rights
Efficient and Effective Use of Resources

Legal and Legislative:

Judicial Rulings Legislation (IDEA)

Psychological and Educational

Developmental Plasticity and Fluidity of Learning

Peers as Interventionists

Benefits of and to Peers

#### Rational Continued (Sailor, 2009)

Access

Participation

 Benefits and Learning for All (Collect Data!!)

#### **Activity Setting Analysis Worksheet**

Activity Setting	Location	Person Responsible	as is	w/adapted materials	w/adapted curr/goals	w/personal assistance	Specific Adaptations
			YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	

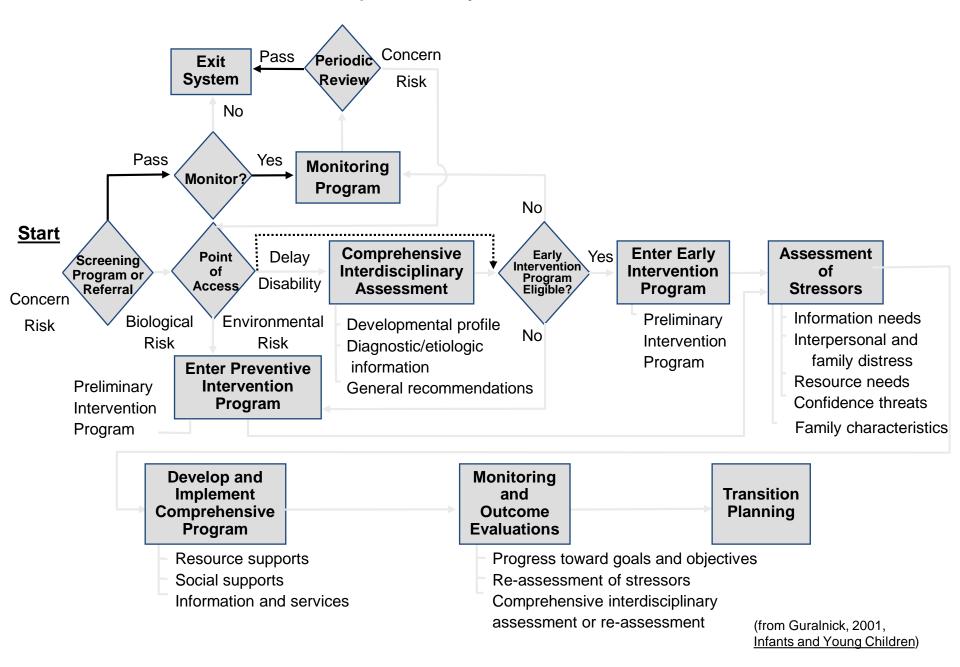
### **Practices Informed by Evidence**

#### **Collect and Use Data to:**

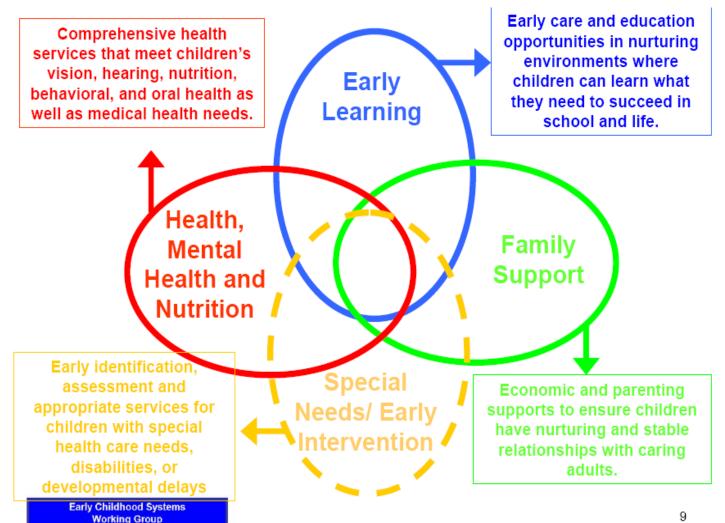
- 1. Document Fidelity to Intervention Practice
- 2. Document Intervention Consistency Across Users and Children
- 3. Document child progress, or not
- 4. Refine Practice

#### **Current Systems Thinking**

#### **Developmental Systems Model**



## History of Our Systems Efforts: Ovals or Silos

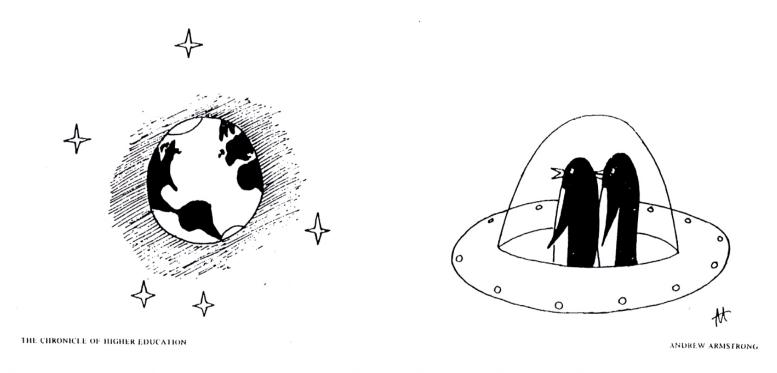


## A paradigm is a set of rules and regulations that:

- define boundaries
- tell us what to do to be successful within those boundaries



"Gramps, why do you always wear your cap backwards?"



"I see only a little snow at the poles. Obviously, this planet can't support intelligent life."

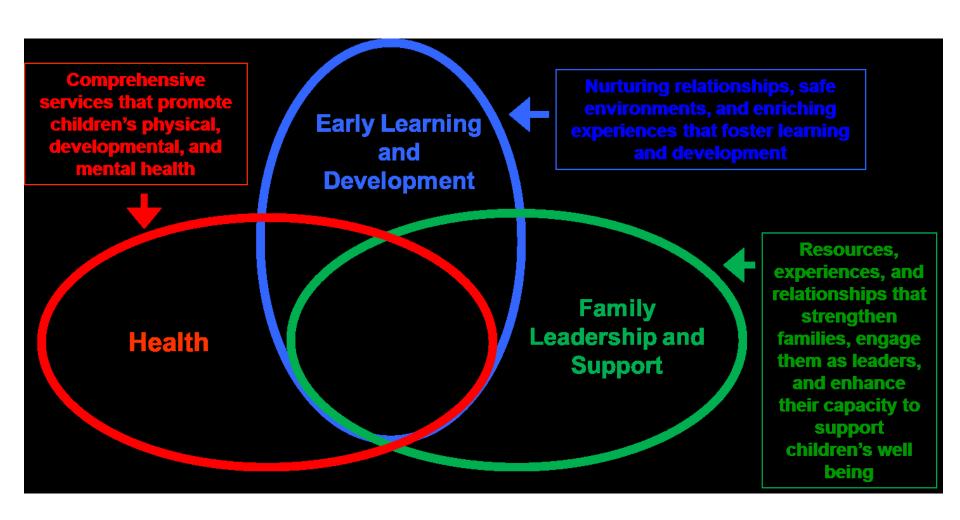
AUGUST 1, 1997

## We see things not as they are

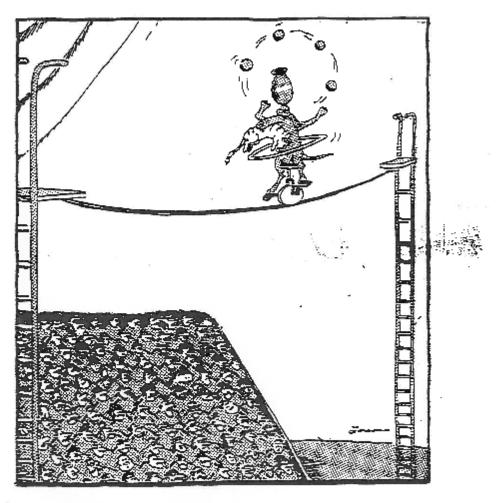
But

As we are

#### **Updated Oval**



# "The way we see the problem may be the problem"



High above the hushed crowd, Rex tried to remain focused. Still, he couldn't shake one nagging thought: He was an old dog and this was a new trick.



#### **Goal Setting**

"Can you tell me please which way I ought to go from here?"

"That depends a good deal on where you want to go to," said the Cat.

"I don't much care where," said Alice.

"Then it doesn't matter which way you walk," said the Cat.

Lewis Carroll Alice's Adventures in Wonderland

### Strategic Plan Work Plan

Goals/Objectives	Strategy	Persons Responsible	Timeline	Completio n	Evaluatio n
GOAL 1.					
Objective 1.					
Objective 2.					
Objective 3.					
GOAL 2.					
Objective 1.					
Objective 2.					
Objective 3.					
GOAL 3.					
Objective 1.					
Objective 2.					
Objective 3.					

#### **Elements of Change**

Where are we now?

• Where do we want to be?

 What do we need to do to get from here to there?

